



Amazon Web Services KMS External Key Store (XKS)

nShield[®] HSM Integration Guide

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1. Introduction

This guide describes the integration of the Entrust nShield Hardware Security Module (HSM) with Amazon Web Services KMS External Key Store (XKS).

The HSM is available as an appliance or nShield as a Service (nSaaS). Throughout this guide, the term HSM refers to nShield Solo, nShield Connect, and nShield Edge products.

1.1. Product configuration

Entrust tested the integration with the following versions:

Product	Version
Operating System	AWS Linux

Before proceeding with the integration of the AWS XKS and nShield HSM, note that the following section demonstrates an example of using an AWS Linux EC2 instance as the Operating System. However, the choice of Linux distribution environment may vary based on your organization's preferences and toolset. Adapt the process based on your specific requirements and infrastructure.

1.2. Supported nShield hardware and software versions

Entrust successfully tested with the following nShield hardware and software versions:

1.2.1. nShield

Product	Security World Software	Firmware	Netimage	OCS	Softcard	Module
nSaaS	13.3.2	12.72.1 (FIPS Certified)	12.80.5	\checkmark		\checkmark
Connect XC	13.3.2	12.50.11 & 12.72.1 (FIPS Certified)	12.80.4 & 12.80.5	\checkmark		\checkmark
nShield 5c	13.3.2	13.2.2 (FIPS Pending)	13.3.2	\checkmark		\checkmark

1.3. Requirements

To integrate the HSM and Amazon Web Services KMS External Key Store (XKS), the server must be set up as follows.

The following software must be installed:

• nShield Security World software.

Access to AWS KMS XKS Proxy GitHub is required to download Software: https://github.com/aws-samples/aws-kms-xks-proxy/.

This integration uses a public endpoint connectivity for AWS XKS. The following are required:

- Your external key store proxy must be reachable at a publicly routable endpoint.
- You must obtain a TLS certificate issued by a public certificate authority supported for external key stores. For a list, see https://github.com/aws/aws-kms-xksproxy-api-spec/blob/main/TrustedCertificateAuthorities.
- The subject common name (CN) on the TLS certificate must match the domain name in the proxy URI endpoint for the external key store proxy. For example, if the public endpoint is https://myproxy.xks.example.com, the TLS, the CN on the TLS certificate must be myproxy.xks.example.com or *.xks.example.com.
- Ensure that any firewalls between AWS KMS and the external key store proxy allow traffic to and from port 443 on the proxy. AWS KMS communicates on port 443 and this value is not configurable.

Familiarize yourself with:

- The nShield HSM: Installation Guide and User Guide.
- The Amazon Web Services KMS External Key Store (XKS) Documentation https://docs.aws.amazon.com/kms/latest/developerguide/keystore-external.html.
- Your organizational certificate policy and certificate practice statement and a security policy or procedure in place covering administration of the PKI and HSM:
- The number and quorum of Administrator cards in the Administrator Card Set (ACS) and the policy for managing these cards.
- The number and quorum of operator cards in the operator card set (OCS) and the policy for managing these cards.
- The keys protection method: module or OCS.
- The level of compliance for the Security World, FIPS 140 Level 3.
- Key attributes such as key size, time-out, or need for auditing key usage.

1.4. Overview

AWS KMS External Key Store addresses regulatory requirements for storing encryption keys outside the AWS Cloud. With this feature, you can now keep your AWS KMS customer managed keys on your own Entrust nShield Hardware Security Module (HSM) rather than within the AWS data centers.

To enable AWS KMS External Key Store, you will replace the KMS key hierarchy with a new, external root of trust. The root keys will be generated and stored inside your nShield HSM. When encryption or decryption of a data key is required, AWS KMS forwards the request to your nShield HSM via an external key store proxy (XKS proxy) that you manage.

The XKS proxy plays a crucial role in mediating all interactions between AWS KMS and your Entrust nShield HSM. It translates generic AWS KMS requests into a format understandable by your Entrust nShield HSM, facilitating seamless communication between the two.

2. Procedures

Steps:

- 1. Install the HSM
- 2. Install the nShield Security World Software and create the Security World
- 3. Generate the OCS
- 4. Generating a PKCS11 key
- 5. Clone the Git repository and configure the settings
- 6. Configure the cknfastrc variables
- 7. Key Administrators AWS IAM user
- 8. Getting started with the XKS proxy
- 9. Creating the External Key Store on AWS
- 10. Creating a key in AWS KMS

2.1. Select the protection method

OCS or Module protection can be used to authorize access to the keys protected by the HSM. Follow your organization's security policy to select an authorization access method.

2.2. Install the HSM

Install the nShield Connect HSM locally, remotely, or remotely via the serial console. See the following nShield Support articles and the *Installation Guide* for the HSM:

- How to locally set up a new or replacement nShield Connect
- How to remotely set up a new or replacement nShield Connect
- How to remotely set up a new or replacement nShield Connect XC Serial Console model



Access to the Entrust nShield Support Portal is available to customers under maintenance. To request an account, contact nshield.support@entrust.com.

2.3. Install the nShield Security World Software and create the Security World

To install the nShield Security World Software and create the Security World:

- 1. Install the Security World software as described in *Installation Guide* and the *User Guide* for the HSM. This is supplied on the installation disc.
- 2. Add the Security World utilities path /opt/nfast/bin to the system path.
- 3. Open the firewall port 9004 for the HSM connections.
- 4. Open a command window and confirm the HSM is **operational**:

```
# enquiry
Server:
enquiry reply flags none
enquiry reply level Six
serial number 530E-02E0-D947 7724-8509-81E3 09AF-0BE9-53AA 9E10-03E0-D947
mode 0perational
...
Module #1:
enquiry reply flags none
enquiry reply flags none
six
serial number 530E-02E0-D947
mode 0perational
...
```

 Create your Security World if one does not already exist, or copy an existing one.
 Follow your organization's security policy for this. Create extra ACS cards as spares in case of a card failure or a lost card.



ACS cards cannot be duplicated after the Security World is created.

6. Confirm the Security World is **usable**:

```
# nfkminfo
World
generation 2
state 0x37270008 Initialised Usable ...
...
Module #1
generation 2
state 0x2 Usable
...
```

2.4. Generate the OCS

The OCS and associated passphrase will be used to authorize access to the keys protected by the HSM. Typically, one or the other will be used, but rarely both.

When selecting your protection method take your organization's security policy into consideration.

2.4.1. Create the OCS

To create the OCS:

- 1. Ensure the /opt/nfast/kmdata/config/cardlist file contains the serial number of the card(s) to be presented, or the asterisk wildcard (*).
- 2. Open a command window as an Administrator.
- 3. Run the createocs command as described below, entering a passphrase or password at the prompt.

Create one card for each person with access privilege, plus the spares.



After an Operator Card Set has been created, the cards cannot be duplicated.

```
# createocs -m1 -s2 -N testOCS -Q 1/1
FIPS 140-2 level 3 auth obtained.
Creating Cardset:
   Module 1: 0 cards of 1 written
   Module 1 slot 0: Admin Card #1
   Module 1 slot 2: empty
   Module 1 slot 3: empty
   Module 1 slot 2: blank cardSteps:
   Module 1 slot 2:- passphrase specified - writing card
Card writing complete.
cardset created; hkltu = a165a26f929841fe9ff2acdf4bb6141c1f1a2eed
```

4. Verify the OCS was created:

nfkminfo -c
Cardset list - 2 cardsets: (P)ersistent/(N)ot, (R)emoteable/(L)ocal-only
Operator logical token hash k/n timeout name
edb3d45a28e5a6b22b033684ce589d9e198272c2 1/5 none-NL testOCS

The rocs utility also shows the OCS was created:

rocs
'rocs' key recovery tool
Useful commands: 'help', 'help intro', 'quit'.
rocs> list cardset
No. Name Keys (recov) Sharing
1 testOCS 2 (2) 1 of 1;
rocs> quit

2.5. Generating a PKCS11 key

Creating a PKCS11 key is a crucial step in setting up the integration. This key will be used

to generate an AWS KMS key via the external key store proxy on your AWS Linux server. Currently, only module and OCS generated keys are supported.

As per the AWS documentation, you must create keys in your HSM and map them to the external key store resource in KMS. These keys are used with AWS services supporting customer keys or within your applications for data encryption. Refer to https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/aws/announcing-aws-kms-external-key-store-xks/

In an external key store, the key must be a 256-bit AES key, enabled, and capable of performing encryption and decryption. For specific requirements regarding a KMS key in an external key store. For more comprehensive information, refer to the AWS documentation at: https://docs.aws.amazon.com/kms/latest/developerguide/keystore-external.html

Follow these steps to generate the key:

1. Open your terminal and execute the generatekey pkcs11 command as shown below:

generatekey pkcs11

- 2. During the key generation process, make sure to specify the following parameters:
 - Protection Type: Choose module or token (OCS) protection.
 - Key Type: Select AES as the key type.
 - Key Size: Use a 256-bit key size.
 - Key Name: Enter a descriptive plain name that will be used to identify the xks_key_id_set in a later step.
 - NVRAM: Leave the default as "no" for now.

Example of module protected generated key:

3. After the key is successfully generated, the system will provide you with the path to the key file. For example:

```
Key successfully generated.
Path to key: /opt/nfast/kmdata/local/key_pkcs11_ua44483047694932fb31383141f6cd8d89a7fc9c3c
```

4. Save and keep track of this key, as it is required for the settings_nshield.toml file.

To verify that the key was generated correctly, you can list the keys created using the nfkminfo -l command, as shown below:

```
# nfkminfo -l
```

```
Keys with module protection:
key_pkcs11_ua44483047694932fb31383141f6cd8d89a7fc9c3c `xks-keyset-1`
```

You can also use the **rocs** tool to view your keys. To list all keys, run the following command in your terminal:

```
# rocs
'rocs' key recovery tool
Useful commands: 'help', 'help intro', 'quit'.
rocs> list keys
No. Name App Protected by
1 xks-keyset-1 pkcs11 module
```

Remember to use the correct key when configuring the **settings_nshield.toml** file for seamless integration with AWS KMS.

2.6. Clone the Git repository and configure the settings

The Git repository to be cloned plays a significant role in driving the development of XKS, an Open interoperability specification for regulated workloads. It provides essential materials, including the XKS proxy API specification, enabling Entrust to create an XKS proxy for their nShield Hardware Security Module (HSM).

Additionally, it offers a reference implementation of an XKS proxy and a test client to ensure compliance with the specification. Integrating this repository with AWS KMS XKS Proxy enhances security and fosters standardized security practices for secure workloads. For more information, refer to: https://github.com/aws/aws-kms-xksproxyapi-spec.

To set up the integration with AWS KMS XKS Proxy, follow these steps:

1. Clone the Git repository to your AWS Linux Server by executing the following command:

git clone https://github.com/aws-samples/aws-kms-xks-proxy/

- 2. Next, configure the settings_nshield.toml file located under aws-kms-xks-proxy/xks-axum/configuration/settings_nshield.toml.
- 3. Start by configuring the [server] section of the file. To do this:
 - a. Enter the IP of your server and set the port to 443.

- b. Keep the other settings as default.
- c. Ensure that any firewalls between AWS KMS and the external key store proxy allow traffic to and from port 443 on the proxy. AWS KMS communicates on port 443.

```
[server]
ip = "10.0.11.48"
port = 443
region = "us-east-1"
service = "kms-xks-proxy"
```

4. Now, configure the [security] section of the file. Enable is_sigv4_auth_enabled and is_tls_enabled.



5. Proceed to configure the [external_key_stores] section of the file. For the uri_path_prefix, use /nshield/xks. Generate the sigv4_access_key_id and sigv4_secret_access_key with the specified character requirements. Set the xks_key_id_set to match the plain name of the PKCS11 key you generated in the previous step.



Before generating the keys, ensure that you follow your organizations's policy and guidelines for key generation. These keys securing your system, so adhere to the specified character requirements and security best practices during the process.

```
[[external_key_stores]]
uri_path_prefix = "/nshield/xks"
sigv4_access_key_id = "2J6C4RFB3A5XMWYTHPKX"
sigv4_secret_access_key = "rD5/fh6yK4dDjnrj4g9znwTJxYnPhB99Qemv71g5Wv38Qo06vuR/+ba6rgsD0ap"
xks_key_id_set = ["xks-keyset-1"]
```



If there is another [external_key_stores] section, you can delete it and keep the one you configured.

- 6. Now, configure the [tls] section of the file for TLS communication during the integration process. You must obtain a TLS certificate issued by a public certificate authority supported for external key stores. For a list, see https://github.com/aws/aws-kms-xksproxy-api-spec/blob/main/TrustedCertificateAuthorities.
 - a. First, ensure that you have obtained the necessary certificate files required for TLS communication.

- b. Copy these certificate files to the designated folder /aws-kms-xks-proxy/xksaxum/tls, which will be utilized by the xks-proxy for TLS communication.
- c. Make sure the certificate chain is in a single file called tls_cert_pem.
- d. Confirm that the tls_key_pem specified in the configuration file matches the key used when generating the Certificate Signing Request (CSR) for the certificate. This ensures the proper functioning of the TLS communication.

After completing these steps, your [tls] section in the configuration file should look like this:

```
[tls]
# Applicable when is_tls_enabled = true
tls_cert_pem = "tls/combined.crt"
tls_key_pem = "tls/private.key"
# Applicable when is_mtls_enabled = true
mtls_client_ca_pem = ""
mtls_client_dns_name = ""
```

By adhering to these configurations, your TLS communication will be successfully set up for AWS KMS XKS Proxy integration.

7. If you are using OCS protection, provide the passphrase of the OCS in the user_pin section of the settings_nshield.tonl file. If there is no passphrase, leave it blank ("").

```
[pkcs11]
user_pin = "standard"
```

8. Keep the rest of the settings as default and save the file.

2.6.1. Configure the cknfastrc variables

To configure the cknfastrc variables:

 Ensure that you have edited the cknfastrc file found under /opt/nfast/cknfastrc to enable module protection:

CKNFAST_FAKE_ACCELERATOR_LOGIN=1

2. If you are using OCS protection, edit the **cknfastrc** to include this variable:

CKNFAST_NO_ACCELERATOR_SLOTS=1

2.7. Key Administrators - AWS IAM user

To enable the integration, you must designate an IAM user as a key Administrator. This user will have permissions to manage and use the KMS key for cryptographic operations.

- 1. Log into the AWS Management Console.
- 2. Search for the Identity and Access Management (IAM) service and select it.
- 3. In the IAM console, select **Access Management** in the left tab and then choose **Users**.
- You can either select an existing user or create a new user to be the Key Administrator. In this example integration, a new user named xks-user is created as the Key Administrator.

IAM > Users						
Users (4) Info An IAM user is an identity with long-term crede	ntials that is used to inter	ract with AWS in an acc	ount.		2 Delete	Add users
Q xks-user				X 1 match		< 1 > 🕲
User name 🗢	Groups 🗢	Last activity 🗢	MFA	▽ Password a		\bigtriangledown
xks-user	users and Administrator	1 hour ago	None	🕑 24 hours ag	o 📀 24 hours ago	

2.8. Getting started with the XKS proxy

Before proceeding with the integration of the AWS XKS and nShield HSM, note that the following section demonstrates an example of deploying the XKS Proxy using Rust Cargo. However, the choice of build and deployment environment may vary based on your organization's preferences and toolset.

The provided steps illustrate how to set up the XKS Proxy using Rust Cargo as a reference implementation for this integration guide. This is an example utilizing the tools available at the time of testing. There are various other build and deployment options. Adapt the process based on your specific requirements and infrastructure.

To use the XKS Proxy, follow these steps:

1. Install Rust Cargo. This command may differ based on your setup:

yum install rust cargo

2. Create an executable file named **xks_nshield_run** with the following contents:

```
# cat xks_nshield_run
cd <directory>/aws-kms-xks-proxy/xks-axum
XKS_PROXY_SETTINGS_TOML=configuration/settings_nshield.toml cargo run
```

3. Run the executable **xks_nshield_run** by executing the following command:

```
# ./xks_nshield_run
```

Upon successful execution, you should see the XKS Proxy start and display relevant information:

```
Finished dev [unoptimized + debuginfo] target(s) in 0.22s
Running `target/debug/xks-proxy`
2023-07-19T17:53:24.718713Z INFO main xks_proxy: 276: Tracing level="DEBUG" is_file_writer_enabled=true
2023-07-19T17:53:24.719126Z INFO main xks_proxy: 278: Tracing file rotation_kind="HOURLY"
2023-07-19T17:53:24.719224Z INFO main xks_proxy: 67: Starting service="kms-xks-proxy" region="us-east-1"
2023-07-19T17:53:24.719744Z INFO tokio-runtime-worker xks_proxy: 195: http://10.0.11.48:80/ping available for health
check
2023-07-19T17:53:24.719868Z INFO tokio-runtime-worker xks_proxy: 113: is_sigv4_enabled=true is_tls_enabled=true
is_mtls_enabled=false secondary_auth=None
2023-07-19T17:53:24.720202Z INFO tokio-runtime-worker xks_proxy: 133: Ciphertext Metadata is not configured.
2023-07-19T17:53:24.720397Z INFO tokio-runtime-worker xks_proxy: 144: TCP Keepalive secs=Some(60s) interval_secs=Some(1s)
retries=Some(3)
2023-07-19T17:53:24.720599Z INFO tokio-runtime-worker xks_proxy: 149: v3.1.2-unknown listening on 10.0.11.48:443 for
traffic
```

With these instructions, you now have the XKS Proxy up and running, ready to handle your KMS-related tasks.

2.9. Creating the External Key Store on AWS

To set up the External Key Store on AWS, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in to the AWS console and navigate to the Key Management Server (KMS) section.
- 2. In KMS, go to **Custom key stores** > **External key stores**.
- 3. Select Create external key store.

aws Services Q Search	[Alt+5] D. ↓ Ø N. Virginia ▼ ADFS-Administrator/JadonMichael.DeJesus@entrust.com @ edic-dps
Key Management × Service (KMS)	KMS > External key stores
AWS managed keys Customer managed keys	External key stores (0) info Key store actions Create external key store Q. Find key stores Create external key store
 Custom key stores AWS CloudHSM key stores External key stores 	Custom key store name V Custom key store ID V Proxy connectivity V Connection state V No external key stores Unable to find any external key stores in this account and Region.

- 4. Provide the Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) for the Key store name.
- 5. Choose the Public endpoint option.

6. Enter the HTTPS URL for the server, for example:

ustom key store name	
ey store name	
nurricanes-xks.entrust.com	
y store name must be unique in your AWS account and Region.	
y store name must be unique in your AWS account and Region. roxy connectivity Info Public endpoint	○ VPC endpoint service
 y store name must be unique in your AWS account and Region. roxy connectivity Info Public endpoint Select this option to use a public endpoint to 	O VPC endpoint service Select this option to use a VPC endpoint service to
 y store name must be unique in your AWS account and Region. roxy connectivity Info Public endpoint Select this option to use a public endpoint to communicate with the external key store proxy. 	VPC endpoint service Select this option to use a VPC endpoint service to communicate with the external key store proxy.

- 7. For the proxy configuration, provide the following details:
 - a. Enter the URI path prefix as specified in the settings_nshield.toml file: "/nshield/xks".
 - Enter the Access key ID generated earlier (Ensure it matches the one in settings_nshield.toml).
 - c. Enter the secret access key generated earlier (Ensure it matches the one in settings_nshield.toml).

Proxy configuration Info If your external key store proxy vendor provided you with	h a configuration file, upload it here.	Upload configuration file
Proxy URI path prefix - optional		
/nshield/xks	/kms/xks/v1	
Proxy URI path prefix must have between 9 and 117 cha	racters. Valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, /, -	(hyphen), and _ (underscore)
Proxy credential: Access key ID The ID of the secret access key in the authentication crec	lential established on your external key store	e proxy.
2J6C4RFB3A5XMWYTHPKX		
Access key ID must have between 20 and 30 characters.	Valid characters are uppercase A-Z and 2-7	
Proxy credential: Secret access key The secret access key in the authentication credential est	tablished on your external key store proxy.	
rD5/fh6yK4dDjnrj4g9znwTJxYnPhB99Qemv71	g5Wv38QoO6vuR/+ba6rgsD0ap	
Secret access key must have between 43 and 64 characters Show secret access key	ers. Valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, /, +, an	d =
	Cancel	Create external key store

8. Select "Create external key store". AWS will notify you when the external keystore has been created.

aws Services Q Search		[Alt+S] 🔈 👌 🕐 N. Virginia 🔻	ADFS-Administrator/JadonMichael.DeJesus@entrust.com @ edc-d
Key Management $ imes$	Successfully created external key store hurricanes->	ks.entrust.com with ID cks-6503c336b99095496.	Connect key store X
Service (KMS) AWS managed keys Customer managed keys	KMS > External key stores > cks-6503c336b99 hurricanes-xks.entrust.cor	D95496 N Key store acti	ons v Create a KMS key in this key store
Custom key stores AWS CloudHSM key stores	General configuration		
External key stores	Custom key store name hurricanes-xks.entrust.com	Connection state Disconnected	Creation date Jul 19, 2023 13:53 EDT
	Custom key store ID	Custom key store type External key store	
	External key store proxy configuration	01 info	
	Proxy connectivity Public endpoint	Proxy URI path /nshield/xks/kms/xks/v1 	Proxy credential: Access key ID 2J6C4RFB3A5XMWYTHPKX

9. After the external key store is created, you can view its details, including the connection state:

MS > External key stores > cks-6503c336b99095496		Key store actions v Create a KMS key in this key store
General configuration		
Custom key store name hurricanes-xks.entrust.com Custom key store ID C cks-6503c336b99095496	Connection state <u>Connected</u> Custom key store type External key store	Creation date Jul 19, 2023 13:53 EDT
External key store proxy configuration Info		
Proxy connectivity Public endpoint Proxy URI endpoint M https://hurricanes-xks.entrust.com	Proxy URI path f /nshield/xks/kms/xks/v1	Proxy credential: Access key ID D 2J6C4RFB3A5XMWYTHPKX

10. Connect the newly created External Keystore. Under Key store actions, select "Connect."

WS Services Q	Search	[Alt+S] D A Ø N. Virginia ▼ ADFS-Administrator/JadonMichaeLDeJesus@entrust.com @ et
Key Management	×	⊘ Successfully created external key store hurricanes-xks.entrust.com with ID cks-6503c336b99095496. Connect key store
Service (KMS)		KMS > External key stores
AWS managed keys Customer managed keys		External key stores (1/1) Info
Custom key stores		Q, Find key stores Edit Connect
AWS CloudHSM key stores External key stores		Custom key store name 🔻 Custom key store ID 🔻 Proxy c Disconnect Connection state 🔻
		Delete Delete Delete Disconnected

The connection process may take up to 5 minutes to complete.

aws Services Q Search	[Alt+S] D 🗘 ⊘ N. Virginia 🔻 ADFS-Administrator/JadonMichael.DeJesus@entrust.com	@ edc-dp
Key Management × Service (KMS)	\bigcirc Connecting key store cks-6503c336b99095496. It can take up to 5 minutes for this operation to complete. \bigcirc 0 \land 0 \bigcirc 1 \bigcirc 0 \bigcirc 1 \bigcirc 0 \bigcirc 1 \bigcirc	×
AWS managed keys	KMS > External key stores	
Customer managed keys	External key stores (1/1) Info Create external key store	
 Custom key stores AWS CloudHSM key stores 	Q. Find key stores	
External key stores	Custom key store name 🔻 Custom key store ID 🔻 Proxy connectivity 🔻 Connection state	7
	hurricanes-xks.entrust.com D cks-6503c336b99095496 Public endpoint Connecting	

11. After connection, the connection state will change to "Connected."

aws Services Q Search	[Alt+S] D 🗘 🗘 Ø N. Virginia ▼ ADFS-Administrator/JadonMichael.DeJesus@entrust.com (@ edc-dp
Key Management × Service (KMS)	⊘ Successfully connected key store cks-6503c336b99095496. ⊗0 ∆0 ⊘2 ⊙0 ⊙0 ∨	×
AWS managed keys	KMS > External key stores	
Customer managed keys	External key stores (1/1) info	
 Custom key stores AWS CloudHSM key stores 	Q. Find key stores	
External key stores	Custom key store name 🛛 V Custom key store ID 🔍 Proxy connectivity 🔍 Connection state	7
	hurricanes-xks.entrust.com Connected Connected	

With the External Key Store successfully created and connected, you can now utilize its functionality to securely manage and store keys in your AWS environment.

2.10. Creating a key in AWS KMS

To create a new key in AWS Key Management Service (KMS), follow these steps:

1. Go to the Key Management Server (KMS) section in the AWS console and select **Customer managed keys**.

Key Management Service (KMS)	×	KMS > Customer managed keys	
AWS managed keys		Customer managed keys (9)	Key actions 🔻 Create key
Customer managed keys		Q Filter keys by properties or tags	< 1 > ©

- 2. Choose **Symmetric** as the key type.
- 3. Select **Encrypt and decrypt** for the key usage.
- 4. In the Advanced options, choose External key store and check the agreement.

 Symmetric A single key used for encrypting and decrypting data or generating and vertfying HMAC codes 	Asymmetric A public and private key pair used for encrypting and decrypting data or signing and verifying messages
Key usage Help me choose 🔀	
• Encrypt and decrypt Use the key only to encrypt and decrypt data.	 Generate and verify MAC Use the key only to generate and verify hash-based message authentication codes (HMAC).
ey material origin	
ey material origin is a KMS key property that represents the source KMS - recommended AWS KMS creates and manages the key material for the	of the key material when creating the KMS key, Help me choose C External (Import Key material) You create and import the key material for the KMS key.
KMS key.	
KMS key. AWS CloudHSM key store AWS KMS creates the key material in the AWS CloudHSM cluster of your AWS CloudHSM key store.	 External key store The key material for the KMS key is in an external key manager outside of AWS.

- 5. Select the external key store created earlier.
- Enter the plainname that was defined for the key when it was generated, and ensure it matches the one in the settings_nshield.toml file under xks_key_id_set. For this example, xks-keyset-1 was used.

External key stor	es (1/1) Inf	D		
Q, Find key stores				
Custom key st	ore v	Custom key store v	Proxy connectivity	7 Connection state
 hurricanes-xks 	.entru	🗇 cks-6503c336b9	Public endpoint	Connected
External key				
External key Specify an existing symme External key ID	tric encryption k	ey in your external key manage	er for the new KMS key to refer t	0.
External key Specify an existing symme External key ID The ID that the external ke	tric encryption k y store proxy us	ey in your external key manage es to refer to the external key.	er for the new KMS key to refer t	0.
External key Specify an existing symme External key ID The ID that the external ke xks-keyset-1	tric encryption k y store proxy us	ey in your external key manage es to refer to the external key.	er for the new KMS key to refer t	۵.
External key Specify an existing symme External key ID The ID that the external ke xks-keyset-1 External key ID can't have	tric encryption k y store proxy us more than 128 c	ey in your external key manage es to refer to the external key. haracters. Valid characters are	er for the new KMS key to refer t	o. Inderscore)

7. Enter the External key id for Alias and description.

Add labels
Alias You can change the alias at any time. Learn more
Alias
xks-keyset-1
Description - optional You can change the description at any time.
Description
xks-keyset-1
Tags - optional
You can use tags to categorize and identify your KMS keys and help you track your AWS costs. When you add tags to AWS resources, AWS generates a cost allocation report for each tag. Learn more 🔀 This key has no tags.
Add tag You can add up to 50 more tags.
Cancel Previous Next

8. For key administrators, select the xks-user from the IAM step.

Define	key	administrative	permissions
--------	-----	----------------	-------------

Q				< 1 2 3	4	56	7	>
	Name	∇	Path	▼ Type				,
	AWSBYOKKeycontrolUser		/	User				
	keycontroltestuser		/	User				
	xks-keycontrol-user		/	User				
v	xks-user		/	User				
	ADFS-Administrator		/	Role				
	ADFS-Builder		/	Role				
	ADFS-CloudAdmin		/	Role				
	ADFS-QueryRO		/	Role				
	ADFS-ReadOnly		/	Role				
	ADFS-Security		/	Role				
Key o	leletion	e this key.						

9. Select the **xks-user** for key-usage permissions as well.

Defi	ne key usage permis	ssions	
Key Select	users (1/62) the IAM users and roles that can use the KMS	key in cryptographic operatio	ns. Learn more 🔀
Q			<pre>< 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 ></pre>
	Name 🗢	Path	▼ Type ▼
	AWSBYOKKeycontrolUser	/	User
	keycontroltestuser	/	User
	xks-keycontrol-user	/	User
~	xks-user	/	User
	ADFS-Administrator	/	Role
	ADFS-Builder	/	Role
	ADFS-CloudAdmin	/	Role
	ADFS-QueryRO	/	Role
	ADFS-ReadOnly	/	Role
	ADFS-Security	/	Role
Oth	er AWS accounts		
Speci mana	fy the AWS accounts that can use this k ging the permissions that allow their IA dd another AWS account	ey. Administrators of the M users and roles to use	iccounts you specify are responsible for his key. Learn more 🗹
			Cancel Previous Next

10. Review the details of the key creation and select $\ensuremath{\textbf{Finish}}$ to create the key.

Review		
Key configuration		
Key type Symmetric	Key spec SYMMETRIC_DEFAULT	Key usage Encrypt and decrypt
Origin External key store	Custom key store ID cks-6503c336b99095496	External key ID
Regionality Single-Region key		
O You cannot change the key con	figuration after the key is created.	
Alias and description		
Allas xks-køyset-1	Description xks-keyset-1	
Tags		
Кеу	Value	
	No data No tags to display	
Key policy To change this policy, return to previous step	is or edit the text here.	
2 "Id": "key-consolepolic) 3 "Version": "2012-10-17", 4 "Statement": [,-3",	^
5 { 6 "Sid": "Enable] 7 "Effect": "Allo	IAM User Permissions", ",	
9 "AKS": "arm: 10 }, 11 "Action": "kms:"	aws:iam::594691240913:root"	
12 "Resource": "4" 13 3	_	•
		Cancel Previous Finish

11. After completing the creation process, you will find your new key listed under **Customer managed keys**.

Customer managed ke	eys (9)			Key actions 🔻	Create key
Q Filter keys by properties	or tags			1 matches	< 1 > @
Aliases = xks-keyset-1 X	Clear filte	r			
Aliases ∇	Key ID 🔻	Status	Key type 🛛 🗢	Key spec ϳ	Key usage

With the new key successfully created and managed by the External Key Store, you have completed the integration.